

ABSTRACT

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The difference between peer conformity and self-concept on adolescence reviewed by perception of parenting styles. (Erik Wijaya, M. Si). Bachelor degree in psychology, Tarumanagara University (i-xii 85 pages, R1-R5, appdx 1-51).

Adolescence is a time in an individual's life when they go through a self-seeking process for the first time, and the outcome of this process can determine the individual's trait and personality in the future. Conformity becomes a common thing to do in adolescence as the result of idol transitioning from parents to peer and also because of individual's wish for peer acceptance. The process of determining self-concept also takes place in the adolescence phase through the comparison between self and other people. A good parenting style can be one of the key factors to determining how the individual think and their proneness to outside influences. The study is done by spreading the questionnaire online, with a total of 823 adolescent aging from 11 to 21 years old responding to the questionnaire and the majority of the responses coming from 15 to 21 years old adolescents with different religious backgrounds. This study uses a correlational design of non experimental quantitative method. Kruskal-Wallis differential test result shows *Chi Square* to be 8,617, $p = .035$ and 9,977, $p = .019$ when conformity is respectively measured by mother's and father's parenting style, also *Chi Square* is 40,312, $p = .000$ and 30,466, $p = .000$ when self-concept is measured respectively by mother's and father's parenting style. These findings indicate that levels of self-concept and conformity is significantly different when reviewed by both mother and father's parenting style. It can be concluded that levels of conformity and self-concept may differ depending on the parenting style that is used by parents.

Keywords : Parenting Style, Conformity, Self-concept, Adolescence